Appendix 3-5

Ventilation Plan

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Mine Safety and Health Administration P O Box 25367 Denver, Colorado 80225

Coal Mine Safety and Health District 9



April 7, 1987

Andrew C. King Company Official Genwal Coal Company P.O. Box 1201 Huntington, UT 84528

RE: Crandall Canyon Mine
ID No. 42-01715
Ventilation System and Methane
and Dust Control Plan Amendment

Dear Mr. King:

The enclosed plan amendment received April 3, 1987, consisting of MMU 003-0 (2nd West and North Mains) dust control practices in the face area and water spray diagram is approved in accordance with 30 CFR 75.316. The amendment will be incorporated into the currently approved plan. If compliance with the respirable dust and ventilation requirements is not maintained, the plan will have to be revised.

If you have any questions please contact Steve Miller at 303/236-2743.

Sincerely,

John W. Barton District Manager

Enclosure

#### DUST CONTROL PRACTICES IN THE FACE AREA

Date 3/30/87

Mine Name: Crandall Canyon No.1

Mine ID No.: 42-01715

MMU ID No.: 003-0

EQUIPMENT: JOY 12CM3 SERIAL # JM2398CM3

LOCATION: 2ND WEST AND NORTH MAINS (used primarily in low coal)

Designated Occupation (D.O.): 036

The following parameters are hereby adopted as part of the ventilation system and methane and dust control plan as per section 75.316, 30 CFR.

Signature Company Official

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The minimum mean entry velocity maintained in the working place or the minimum face velocity maintained across the longwall face shall be 60' per minute.

The maximum distance the ventilating device is maintained from the area of deepest penetration of the working face shall be 15 feet. (longwalls not applicable).

The minimum quantity of air reaching the working face or longwall shall be 6,000 CFM.

The minimum air quantities entering the intake end of a pillar line or the last open cross cut will be 9,000 CFM.

The feeders will not have water sprays located on them.

The feeder breakers will have one spray located in such a manner to spray the breaker bar when the breaker bar is located in such a manner that is produces dust from the crushing operation.

The minimum air quantities reaching an idle face will be perceptible air movement to maintain the methane content below 1%.

The ventilating devices will be within 20' of an idle face.

APPROVED CASE IT ATK 7

The following water suppression system shall be maintained and operated as follows:

Equipment Description	No. of Sprays	Type of Sprays	Minimum Pressure
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Joy 12 CM Miner	38	Joy	75

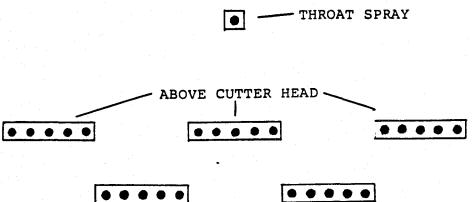
At least 90% of the sprays indicated for dust suppression on each piece of equipment shall be maintained in an operable condition.

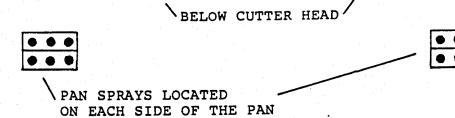
On spray blocks of 3 or less all sprays within that block will be operating prior to entering the next cut. (A block is designated as sprays located in the same area to provide coverage to that specific area and not necessarily located in the same physical holder).

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GENWAL COAL COMPANY CRANDALL CANYON MINE

SPRAY LOCATIONS MMU ID. 003-0





TOTAL SPRAYS - 38

90% REQUIRED TO BE OPERATING - 34

**JANUARY 6, 1986** 

VENTILATION PLAN

CRANDALL CANYON MINE

MSHA ID # 42-01715

GENWAL COAL COMPANY

P.O.BOX 1201

HUNTINGTON, UTAH

84528

#### VENTILATION PLAN

#### **GENERAL**

1. COMPANY NAME:

GENWAL COAL COMPANY, INC

MINE NAME:

CRANDALL CANYON MINE NO. 1

POST OFFICE ADDRESS:

P.O.BOX 1201

HUNTINGTON, UTAH 84528

TELEPHONE NUMBER:

801-687-9813

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

42-01715

OPERATORS NAME:

GARY SORENSEN

OPERATORS TITLE:

MINE SUPERINTENDENT

OPERATORS ADDRESS:

same as above

OPERATORS TEL. NUMBER:

same as above

2. LIFE OF THE MINE IS GREATER THAN 1 YEAR

3. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES:

SURFACE

3

UNDERGROUND 24

TOTAL

27

4. COAL SEAM: HIAWATHA HEIGHT: 5.5 - 7.5

5. EQUIPMENT:

FACE:

1 JOY 12 CM CONTINUOUS MINER 2 ea. 10 AND 21 SC SHUTTLE CARS 1 S&S BATTERY SCOOP

LEE NORSE ROOF BOLTERS 1 STAMLER FEEDER BREAKER 1

JOY FACE DRILL

JOY CUTTING MACHINE

JOY LOADER

OTHER: 1 2

EIMCO MINETENDER FARM TYPE TRACTORS

50 HP 40° HP

44,28

## VENTILATION SYSTEM

- A. MAIN FANS
  - 1. Joy
  - 2. 50 HP
  - 3. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS
    - a. RPM
    - b. BLADE SETTING
    - c. WATER GAGE
    - d. VOLTAGE

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440 V.

4. FAN CURVES

NOT AVAILABLE

- 5. All main fan installations shall meet or exceed the criteria in Sections 75.300-2 and 75.300-3, 30 CFR, unless a variance is granted by the District Manager.
- 6. All stand-by fan motors will first be approved before being utilized and their operating specifications incorporated into this plan.
- B. FACE MINING CYCLE

SEE DRAWING A

C. SECTION MINING CYCLE

SEE DRAWINGS B, B1

D. TYPICAL SECTION VENTILATION SYSTEM

SEE DRAWINGS B, B1, C

E. AUXILIARY FANS AND DIFFUSERS

NOT APPLICABLE

- F. CONSTRUCTION OF VENTILATION DEVICES
  - All ventilating devices such as stoppings, overcast, undercasts, shaft partitions, etc., shall be of substantial and incombustible construction,

installed in a workmanlike manner and maintained in a condition to serve the purpose for which they were intended.

Permanent stoppings shall be erected between the intake and return aircourse and shall be maintained to and including the third connecting crosscut outby the faces of the entries. Whenever the third connecting crosscut is broken through, work shall be started on building the stopping as soon as possible and shall be continued in a reasonable and diligent manner until completed. Similarly, whenever a belt move is completed, temporary brattice shall be installed immediately and work shall be started building the permanent stoppings as soon as possible and shall be continued in a diligent manner until completed.

#### 3. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

#### STOPPINGS:

All stoppings will be constructed on a clean and substantial bottom, tied to the ribs, and staggered Blocks with mortared joints will be courses. plastered around the periphery to make them airtight. Stoppings with a short life span, less than 2 years, will be layed without mortared joints (Dry Stacked) and plastered on one side (pressure side) with an approved construction sealant at least 1/8" thick. These dry stacked stoppings will be located in sub-mains, panels and rooms. Stoppings of longer life, typically located in the mains, will have mortared joints and plastered on one side, or dry stacked and plastered on both sides with a minimum of 1/8" thick approved mortar, cement or equivalent. Metal stoppings (Kennedy supported with either wood and metal angle iron may be used in areas of short life, panels and rooms. Timbers laid longitudinally, skin to skin and packed with rockdust may be used in heavy or squeezing areas. See drawing D.

Materials: Hollow cinder or cement block
Mortar or cement mix or equivalent
Timber, caps and wedges
Fire retardant
Kennedy type Stoppings

Note: Any wood material used in the construction of stoppings will be coated with an approved fire retardant.

SEALS: Seals will be constructed of 2 rows of solid cinder or cement block and the joints will be mortared and plastered on one side, the out-by side. Each seal will contain a gas check pipe w/valve extending 15° inby the seal at the top and a 4" drain and pressure relief pipe with flame arrestor installed at the bottom of the stopping. See drawing D.

OVERCASTS AND UNDERCASTS: All wing walls will be constructed with the same criteria as the stoppings. The tops of the overcasts will be constructed with I or H beams and sheet metal or precast concrete. The overcasts will be constructed so as to support the weight of several men. Also precast corrugated metal overcasts designed for this purpose may be used. Where designated as escapeways overcast will be constructed in order to maintain unrestricted escape. See drawing E.

REGULATORS: Regulators will be constructed in the same manner as stoppings with the addition of a sliding metal door to adjust airflow. In temporary situations blocks may be removed in order regulate airflow.

#### III. METHANE CONTROL

#### A. FACE AREAS

- Line brattice or any other approved device used to provide ventilation to the working face from which coal is being cut, mined, or loaded shall be installed at a distance no greater than 15' linear feet from the point of deepest penetration to which any portion of the face has been advanced.
- 2. A minimum quantity of 6,000 CFM of air shall reach each working face from which coal is being cut, mined, or loaded. The minimum mean entry face velocity will be 60 feet per minute.
- 3. The minimum air reaching abandoned or idle faces will be maintained at 3,000 CFM. The line curtain will be maintained within 20° of the face or if roof bolting is being done in the face, within 5° of the cab of the roof bolter.
- 4. The minimum quantity of air reaching the last open crosscut in any pair or set of developing entries or rooms shall be 12,000 CFM.

- of a pillar line shall be 12,000 CFM.
- 6. Methane examinations will be made by a qualified person at the face, who will not go inby permanent or temporary roof support where applicable.

## B. METHANE CONTROL OUTBY AREAS

- 1. The methane content in any return aircourse other than an aircourse returning the air from a working section (as provided in Section 75.309 and 75.310) shall not exceed 2.0 volume per centum. The methane content in air in active workings shall be less than 1.0 volume per centum.
- 2. Bleeder systems will not be used, abandoned areas will be ventilated or sealed. Approval has been received from the district manager to operate in this manner.
- 3. Abandoned areas will be sealed in accordance with Section 75.330, 30 CFR, or permission to ventilate the area requested from the District Manager in accordance with Section 75.329-1, 30 CFR.

#### IV. MISCELLANEOUS

## A. DIESEL EQUIPMENT

- Any diesel equipment used in or inby the last open crosscut shall comply with Title 30, Part 36 of the CFR.
- 2. All diesel equipment shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers operating and maintenance manual. These manuals and specifications shall be made available for reference.
- 3. Each diesel equipment unit shall be examined on a daily basis to insure that the engine and scrubber system are operating properly to minimize poisonous exhaust gases. Additionally, the exhaust of each unit shall be examined to insure compliance with Section 75.301-2, 30 CFR, regarding current threshold limit values for any poisonous or noxious gas except carbon dioxide.

On working sections using diesel equipment an examination shall be made for any poisonous or noxious gases in the immediate return of each split

to determine compliance of Section 75.301-2, 30 CFR. The examination shall be made approximately 30 minutes after normal operations have begun but no longer than I hour after start up.

Similarly, any other diesel equipment working in an outby area, other than haulage equipment working on main intakes, shall have an examination made for any poisonous or noxious gases immediately down wind from the working area during the time period as detailed above.

A record of each examination and maintenance check shall be kept in a book for that purpose which shall include the date, time, examination or maintenance check results, and samplers initials.

A minimum of  $150\ \text{CFM/HP}$  will be maintained over each unit of diesel equipment.

#### B. ROOF BOLTING

- 3,000 CFM will be maintained at the roof bolter and the curtain will be maintained within 20° of the face or within 5° of the cab, while bolting is in progress.
- Dust collection will be maintained when drilling. Both dry suction and water will be used to suppress dust.

#### C. PRE-SHIFT EXAMINATIONS

 Intake air which passes by seals and is used to ventilate active areas shall be examined in accordance with Section 75.303, 30 CFR.

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#### V. DUST CONTROL

#### A. OUTBY AREAS

- The following dust control practices shall be adhered to at the indicated locations:
  - a. Transfer Points- Clean and rock dust as needed, water sprays will be added if sampling indicates they are necessary.
  - b. Loading Points- Clean and Rockdust as needed.

- c. Underground Crushers- Water sprays and rockdust
- d. Underground dump- N/A
- e. Beltlines- clean and rockdust as needed.
- f. Haulways- maintained in a damp and well compacted condition.

#### B. FACE AREAS

- Dust from cutting or roof drilling will be suppressed with water or suction and filter.
- C. Designated Areas- Not Applicable

#### VI. UPDATED MINE MAP

Three copies are submitted with this plan.

## DUST CONTROL PRACTICES IN THE FACE AREA

Date 5/14/85

Mine Name: Crandall Canyon No.1

Type of Mining Equipment:

Mine ID No.: 42-01715

Continuous Miner - electric

Shuttle car - diesel or electric

MMU ID No.: 002-0

Designated Occupation (D.O): 036

The following parameters are hereby adopted as part of the ventilation system and methane and dust control plan as per section 15.316, 30 CFR.

Signature Company Official

The minimum mean entry velocity maintained in the working place or the minimum face velocity maintained across the longwall face shall be 60' per minute.

The maximum distance the ventilating device is maintained from the area of deepest penetration of the working face shall be 15 feet. (longwalls not applicable).

The minimum quantity of air reaching the working face or longwall shall be 6,000 CFM.

The following water suppression system shall be maintained and operated as follows:

Equipment Description No. of Sprays Type of Sprays Min. Operating Pressure

Joy 12 CM Miner

32

Joy

75 psi

At least 90% of the sprays indicated for dust suppression on each piece of equipment shall be maintained in an operable condition.

# DUST CONTROL PRACTICES IN THE FACE AREA

Date 3/30/87

MinesName: % Crandalla Canyon No 1

Mine ID No.

MUDID No.: 003-0

EQUIPMENT: JOY 12CM3 SERIAL # JM2398CM3

LOCATION: 2ND WEST AND NORTH MAINS (used primarily inclow coal)

Designated Occupation (D.O.): 036

The following parameters are hereby adopted as parts of the yentilation system and methane and dust control plans as per section 7.51316 30 30 CFR.

# Signature Company Official

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The maximum distance the ventilating device is maintained from the working face shall be 15 feet. PM (longwalls not applicable).

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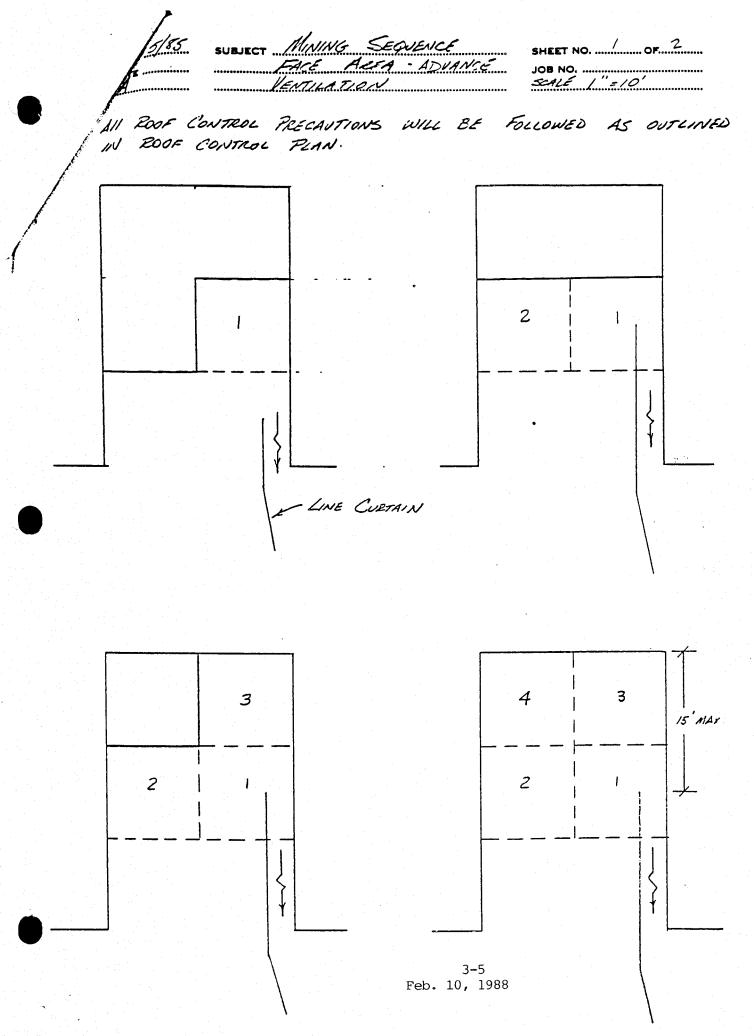
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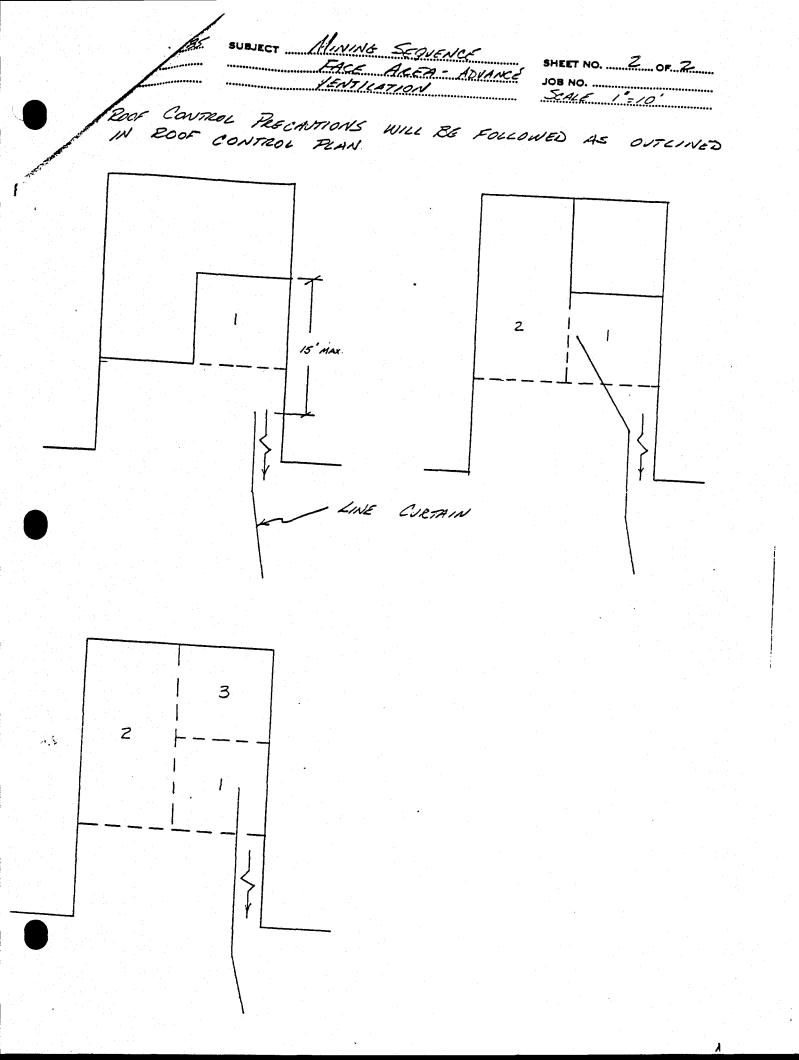
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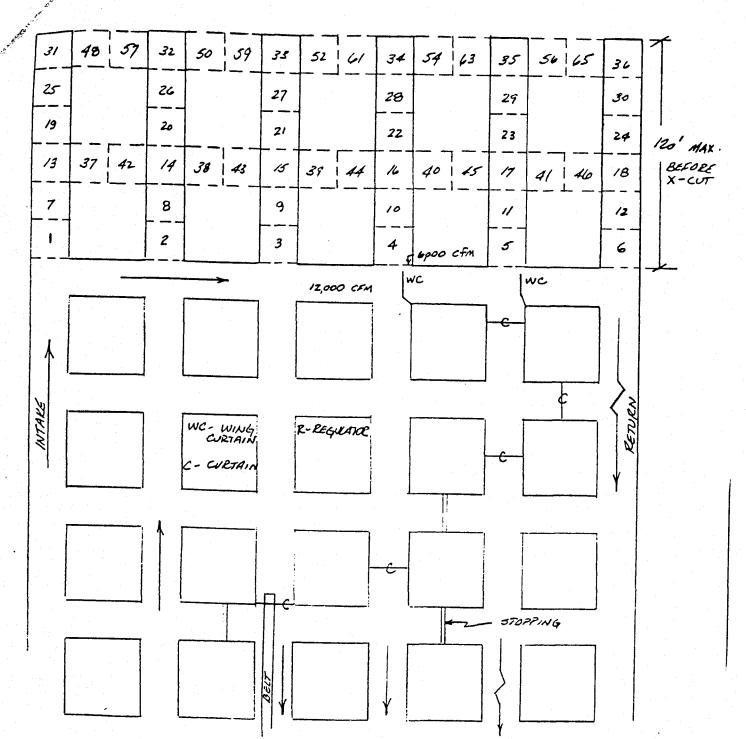
he minimum alrequantities reaching an idle face will be erceptible air movement to maintain the methane content below

yentilating devices will be within 20 of an idle face





## CRANDAL CANYON MINE TYPICAL FACE ADVANCE SEQUENCE



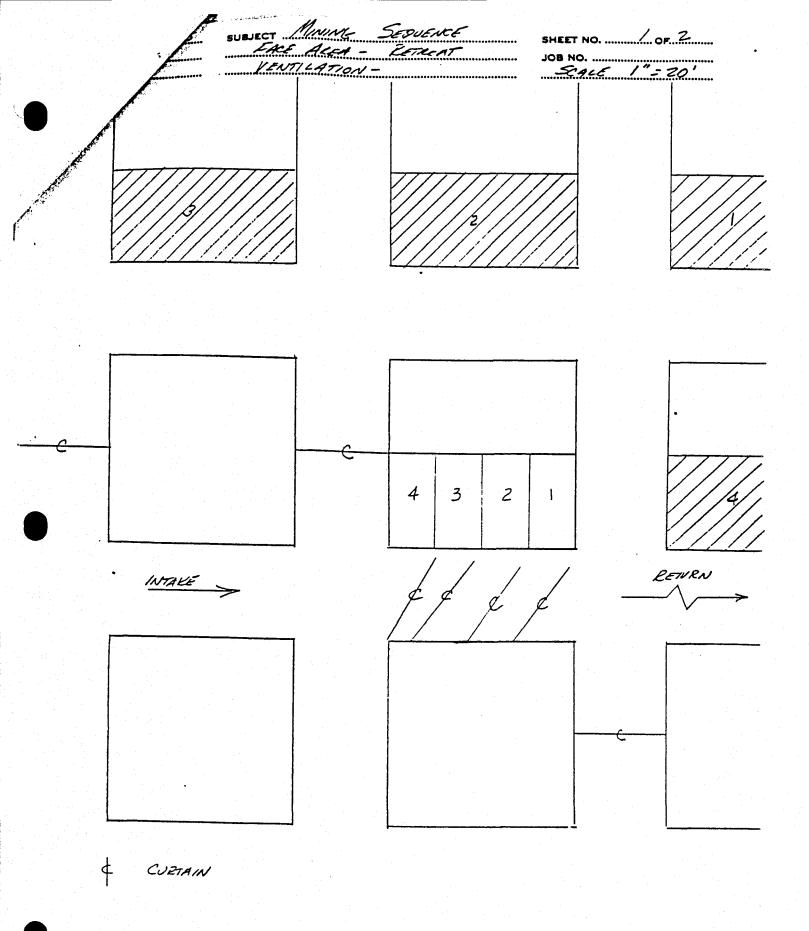
NOTES: 1 X-CUT MAYBE TURNED AND COMPRETED PRIOR TO BEACHING

2 120' WILL BE MAX. PENETRATIONS BETCHE X-OUT IS

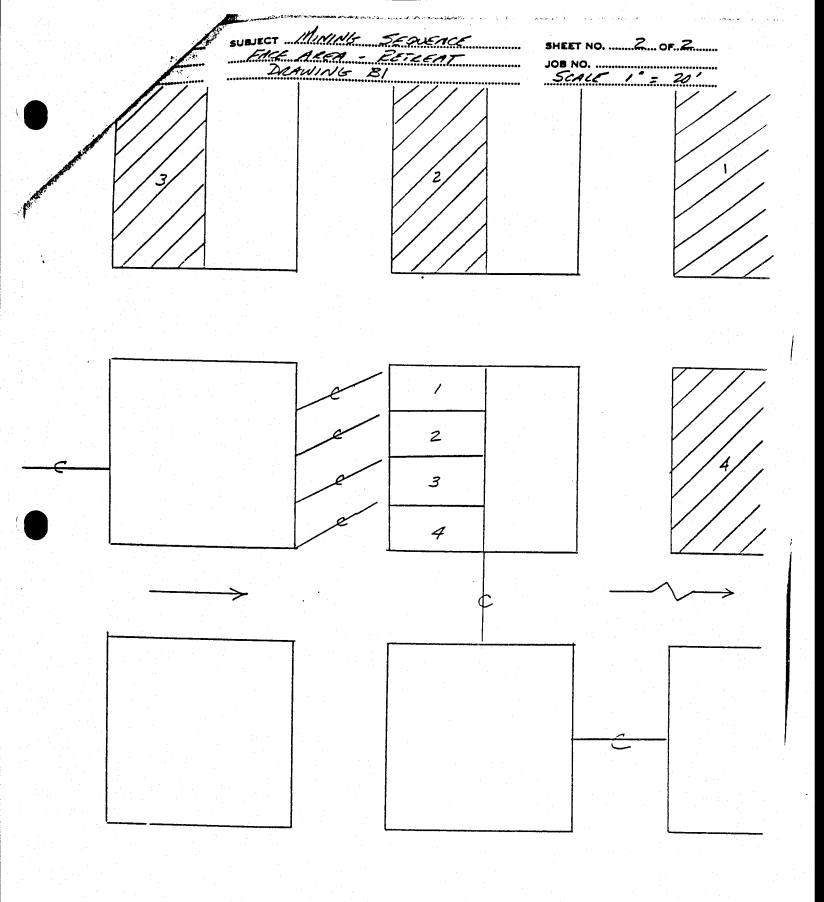
Scale: 1"= 50'

DATE: 8/10/85

DENG: B SHELT IONI



NOTE: MINING MAY PROCED FROM EITHER SIDE



NOTE: MINING MAY PROCED FROM ETTHER SIDE

NOTE 1, AIR MAY BE DESIGNEIN A MIREOR IMAGE TO SOCIED AS SPECIFIED IN EDOF CONTROL PLAN

A. DOORS WILL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO 30 CFR

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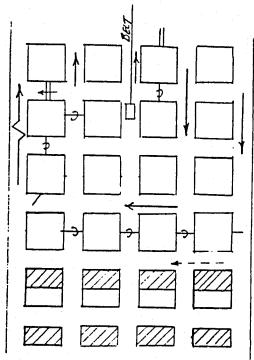
S. NO BLEEDER SYSTEMI

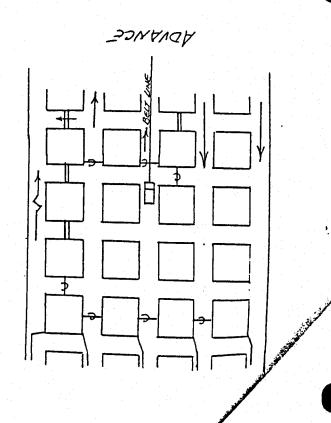
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STOPPINGAIR SAITINI

SIA NSIETA AIR

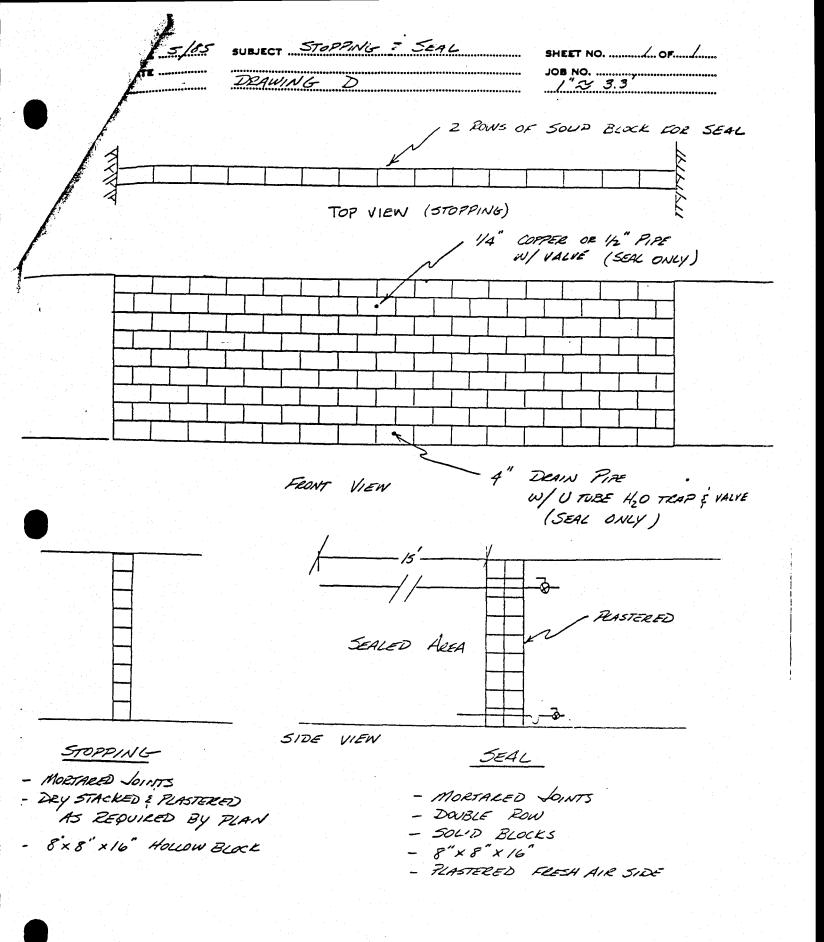
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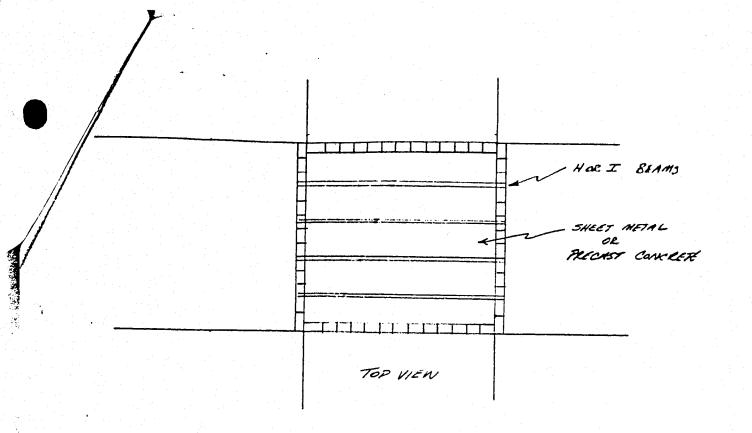


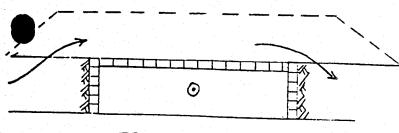


SHEET NO. LOS NO. LOS

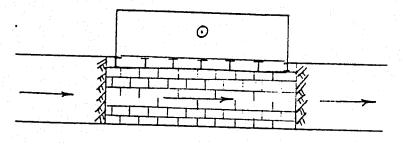
SUBJECT MINING SOME SOLENCE TO LEARLY TON







FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW

ALE 1"=10"

TYPICAL OVERCAST & UNDERMET CRANDALL CANYON NINE GENNAL COAL COMPANY

DEWG: E

